



Date: April 18, 2021

ANALYSIS OF INCOME & EXPENDITURE OF NATIONAL & REGIONAL POLITICAL PARTIES FOR

FY 2019-20

(Data available as on 18 April, 2021)

A Report by
Association for Democratic Reforms

Association for Democratic Reforms

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Table of Contents

Opgraded MyNeta App	3
Donate to ADR	4
ADR Speaks Podcast	4
Analysis of Income & Expenditure of National and Regional Political Parties for FY 2019-20	5
Executive Summary	5
Introduction	5
Observations of ADR	9
Recommendations of ADR	10
Detailed Report	11
Status of submission of Annual Audit reports by the National and Regional Parties, FY 2019-20	11
Total Income and Expenditure of National and Regional Parties, FY 2019-20	11
Comparison of Income of National and Regional Parties, FY 2018-19 and FY 2019-20	13
Top sources of income of National and Regional Political Parties, FY 2019-20	14
Top items of expenditure of National and Regional Political Parties, FY 2019-20	16
Share of income of National and Regional Parties from Electoral Bonds and other sources,	
FY 2019-20	18
Disclaimer	19
Contact Details	19
Annexure – I	20





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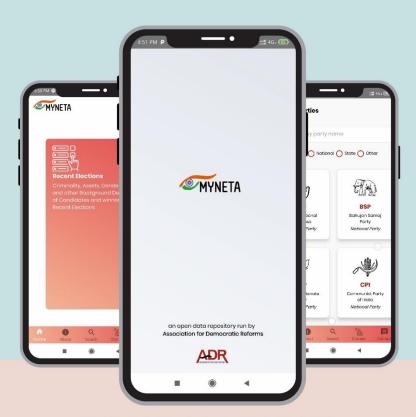




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ADR Speaks is a podcast series on issues related to electoral & political reforms. It focuses on the findings of ADR reports analysing background details of candidates, sources of political parties' income, election expenditure, Electoral Bonds etc. In these episodes, ADR breaks down key findings of its reports for simple understanding & accessibility to the general public, enabling them to make an informed choice. ADR podcast will also host discussions with experts, research scholars, public intellectuals, former election officials etc. on issues concerning India's democratic politics. Please click on the icon to access the episodes on ADR website.



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Analysis of Income & Expenditure of National and Regional Political Parties for FY 2019-20

Executive Summary

Introduction

Political parties have multiple sources of funding and thus accountability and transparency should be an important aspect of their functioning. It is essential to have comprehensive and transparent accounting methods and systems which should reveal the true financial position of the parties.

The Election Commission of India (ECI), in its letter dated 19th November,'14 addressed to the Presidents/General Secretaries of all political parties, stated that it was mandatory for the parties to submit details of their audited reports to the Commission. This report analyses the total income and expenditure incurred, all over India, by the 2 National Parties and 17 Regional Parties during FY 2019-20, as declared by the parties in their Audit Reports submitted to the ECI.

The 2 National Parties include All India Trinamool Congress (AITC) and Bahujan Samaj Party (BSP).

Status of submission of audit reports by the National & Regional Parties, FY 2019-20

- The due date for submission of annual audited accounts for the parties was 31st Oct, 2020.
- In this report, ADR analysed **2** National and **17** Regional political parties, out of which, only two parties submitted their audit reports on time while **17** political parties delayed their submission by several days, ranging from **11** days to **78** days.
- Audit Reports of the remaining 6 National Parties and 35 Regional Parties for FY 2019-20 are unavailable
 on the website of the ECI, at the time of preparation of this report. These include some major political
 parties like BJP, INC, NCP, CPM, CPI, NPEP, YSR-C, SDF, AAP, DMDK, RJD, SHS, ZNP, AIMIM, BPF, etc.

	National & Regional Parties: Due date for submission: 31st Oct,'20						
National Political Parties							
S. No.	submission delayed						
1	Bahujan Samaj Party	BSP	Submitted	29-Dec-20	58 Days		
2	All India Trinamool Congress	AITC	Submitted	10-Jan-21	70 Days		
3	Communist Party of India (Marxist)	СРМ					
4	Bhartiya Janata Party	BJP					
5	Indian National Congress	INC	Audit reports are not available on the ECI website (As on 18 April, 2021)				
6	Nationalist Congress Party	NCP					
7	Communist Party of India	СРІ					
8	National People's Party	NPEP	1				

	Regional Political Parties							
S. No.	Political Party	Party Code	Status of submission	Date of submission	No. of days by which delayed			
1	People's Democratic Alliance	PDA	Submitted	13-Jul-20	-			
2	2 Rashtriya Lok Dal		Submitted	29-Sep-20	-			
3	Jammu and Kashmir Peoples Democratic Party	JKPDP	Submitted	12-Nov-20	11 Days			





	Regional Political Parties						
S. No.	Political Party	Party Code	Status of submission	Date of submission	No. of days by which delayed		
4	Biju Janata Dal	BJD	Submitted	17-Nov-20	16 Days		
5	All India Anna Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam	AIADMK	Submitted	25-Nov-20	24 Days		
6	All India United Democratic Front	AIUDF	Submitted	01-Dec-20	30 Days		
7	Jharkhand Vikas Morcha (Prajatantrik)	JVM-P	Submitted	15-Dec-20	45 Days		
8	Jharkhand Mukti Morcha	JMM	Submitted	15-Dec-20	45 Days		
9	Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam	DMK	Submitted	24-Dec-20	53 Days		
10	Janata Dal (United)	JDU	Submitted	28-Dec-20	58 Days		
11	Nationalist Democratic Progressive Party	NDPP	Submitted	28-Dec-20	58 Days		
12	Shiromani Akali Dal	SAD	Submitted	28-Dec-20	58 Days		
13	All India Forward Bloc	AIFB	Submitted	31-Dec-20	60 Days		
14	Pattali Makkal Katchi	PMK	Submitted	11-Jan-21	71 Days		
15	Telugu Desam Party	TDP	Submitted	13-Jan-21	73 Days		
16	AJSU Party	AJSU	Submitted	15-Jan-21	75 Days		
17	Janata Dal Secular	JDS	Submitted	18-Jan-21	78 Days		
18	Indian National Lok Dal	INLD					
19	Maharashtra Navnirman Sena	MNS					
20	Sikkim Democratic Front	SDF					
21	Samajwadi Party	SP					
22	Yuvajana Sramika Rythu Congress Party	YSR-Congress					
23	Maharashtrawadi Gomantak Party	MGP					
24	Naga People Front	NPF					
25	Aam Aadmi Party	AAP					
26	Telangana Rashtra Samithi	TRS					
27	Desiya Murpokku Dravida Kazhagam	DMDK					
28	All India Majlis-e-Ittehadul Muslimeen	AIMIM					
29	All India N.R. Congress	AINRC					
30	Asom Gana Parishad	AGP					
31	Bodoland Peoples Front	BPF					
32	Goa Forward Party	GFP	Audit reports a	re not available o on 18 April, 20	on the ECI website (As		
33	Hill State People's Democratic Party	HSPDP		on 18 April, 20	121)		
34	Indian Union Muslim League	IUML]				
35	Indigenous People's Front of Tripura	IPFT					
36	Jammu & Kashmir National Conference	JKNC					
37	Jammu & Kashmir National Panthers Party	JKNPP]				
38	Janta Congress Chhattisgarh (J)	JCC (1)]				
39	Kerala Congress (M)	KC-M]				
40	Lok Jan Shakti Party	LJP	1				
41	Mizo National Front	MNF]				
42	Mizoram People's Conference	MPC	1				
43	People's Democratic Front	PDF	1				
44	People's Party of Arunachal	PPA	1				
45	Rashtriya Janata Dal	RJD]				
46	Rashtriya Lok Samta Party	RLSP	1				

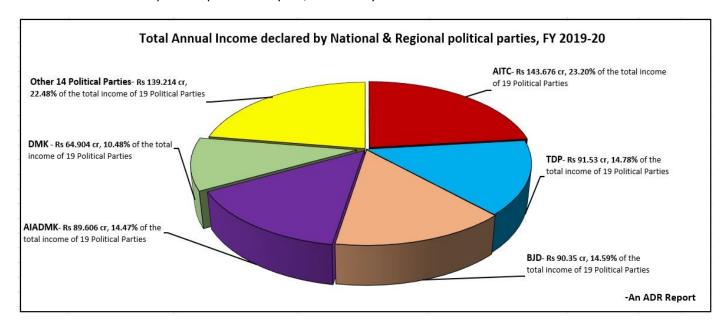




	Regional Political Parties							
S. No.	Political Party	Party Code	Status of submission	Date of submission	No. of days by which delayed			
47	Rashtriya Loktantrik Party	RLP						
48	Revolutionary Socialist Party	RSP						
49	Shiv Sena	SHS						
50	Sikkim Krantikari Morcha	SKM						
51	United Democratic Party	UDP						
52	Zoram Nationalist Party	ZNP						

Income declared by National & Regional Political Parties, FY 2019-20

- The total income declared by the 2 National & 17 Regional Parties for the FY 2019-20 was Rs 619.28 cr.
- AITC reported having the highest income of Rs 143.676 cr, which forms 23.20% of the total income of all the parties analysed, followed by TDP with an income of Rs 91.53 cr or 14.78% and BJD whose income was Rs 90.35 cr or 14.59% of the total income of the 2 National & 17 Regional parties analysed in this report.
- The **total income of the top 3 parties** amounted to **Rs 325.556 cr**, which comprised **52.57%** of the total income of the political parties analyzed, collectively.



Comparison of Income of National and Regional Parties, FY 2018-19 and FY 2019-20

- Out of a total of 19 Political Parties analysed, **9 parties** have shown an **increase in their income** from FY 2018-19 to FY 2019-20 while **10 parties** have shown a **decline in their income** during this period.
- Total income of the 19 parties decreased from Rs 772.14 cr in FY 2018-19 to Rs 619.28 cr in FY 2019-20, a total decrease of 19.80% or Rs 152.86 cr.
- AIADMK reported the highest increase in its income of Rs 61.506 cr followed by DMK and SAD which declared a total increase of Rs 38.557 cr and Rs 11.59 cr respectively, between FY 2018-19 and FY 2019-20.
- **BJD** reported the highest decrease in its income of **Rs 158.96 cr** followed by **AITC** and **TDP** which declared a total decrease of **Rs 48.974 cr** and **Rs 23.43 cr** respectively, between FY 2018-19 and FY 2019-20.



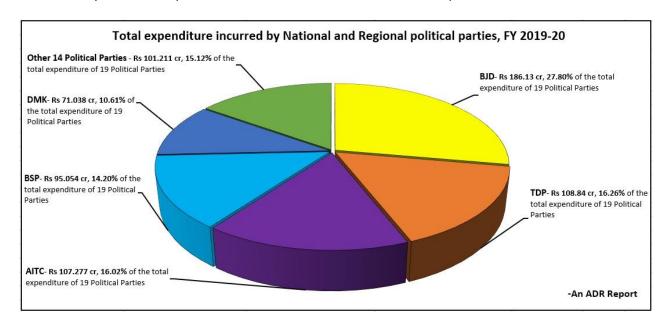


Unspent Income of National and Regional Parties, FY 2019-20

- There are **9** political parties which declared a part of their **income as remaining unspent** for the FY 2019-20 while **10** political parties **spent more than the income collected** during the year.
- AIADMK has more than 67.82% of its total income remaining unspent followed by JMM and JDU having 58.58% and 54.27%, respectively, of their income remaining unspent for FY 2019-20.
- TDP, BJD, BSP, DMK, JDS, AJSU, JVM-P, PMK, AIFB & JKPDP are the 10 Regional parties that declared spending more than their income. BJD has declared spending the highest amount of Rs 95.78 cr or 106% more than its income.

Expenditure incurred by National and Regional Parties, FY 2019-20

- The total declared expenditure of the 2 National & 17 Regional parties for the FY 2019-20 was Rs 669.55 cr.
- Total expenditure incurred by the **top 3 parties** is **Rs 402.247 cr** or **60.08%** of the total expenditure as reported by the 19 political parties.
- Top 3 parties that have incurred highest expenditure are BJD which had spent Rs 186.13 cr or 27.80%, followed by TDP which spent Rs 108.84 cr or 16.26% and AITC which spent Rs 107.277 cr or 16.02%.

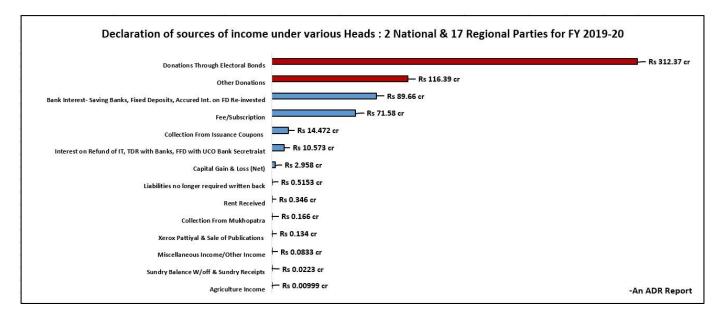


All sources of Income declared by National and Regional Political parties, FY 2019-20

- 2 National Parties and 17 Regional Parties collected Rs 428.76 cr or 69.235% of their total income from voluntary contributions (includes Donations & Contributions and Electoral Bonds) for FY 2019-20.
- Of the 2 National Parties analysed, only AITC declared receiving donations through Electoral Bonds of Rs 100.46 cr. Only 8 of the 17 Regional Parties that were analysed declared donations through Electoral Bonds amounting to Rs 211.91 cr.
- 14.48% or Rs 89.66 cr of the total income was generated through Bank Interest (Saving Banks, Fixed Deposits, Accrued Int. on FD Re-invested) by the 2 National and 17 Regional Parties during FY 2019-20.







Observations of ADR

- **168 days since the due date for submission,** the income tax returns/audit reports of **6** National Parties and **35** Regional Parties are still not available on the ECI website at the time of preparation of this report.
- The most common and popular source of income for the National and Regional Political parties for FY 2019-20 are Donations through Electoral Bonds. Given the anonymity provided to donors by the scheme, Electoral Bonds have emerged as the most popular channel of donations to parties in the last two years. It is to be noted that JMM party has declared the name of the donor who donated Rs 1 crore through electoral bonds in its contribution report for FY 2019-20, however, this income through electoral bonds has not been declared by the party in its audit report, FY 2019-20. This raises the question as to whether political parties are aware of the donor's identity who made contributions via electoral bonds, as can be seen in this case.
- More than 50% of the total income (Rs 312.37 cr) of the 19 political parties analysed for FY 2019-20 is received from *Donations through Electoral Bonds*, which are anonymous and the identity of their donors are not disclosed to the public. Electoral Bonds worth Rs 3429.56 cr (9%) approx. were redeemed by parties in FY 2019-20, indicating that the remaining Rs 3117.19 cr (91%) approx. worth electoral bonds were encashed by parties whose audit reports are yet to be available on the ECI website.
- Three political parties namely, JDS (Rs 11 cr), JVM-P (Rs 3.242 cr) and SAD (Rs 0.23 cr) declared receiving income by collection from sale of coupons. Coupons are one of the ways devised by the political parties for collecting donations and hence are printed by the party itself. There is no cap or limit as to how many coupons can be printed or the total quantum (that is the total amount/worth of coupons). The only source of information regarding the coupon system is the party itself and no one else. Coupon system does not come under the scope of Election Commission of India and they have no control over it.
- The most common and popular item of expenditure for the 2 National and 17 Regional parties for FY 2019-20 are election expenses and administrative and general expenses.





Recommendations of ADR

- The Supreme Court gave a judgment on September 13, 2013 declaring that no part of a candidate's affidavit should be left blank. Along the same lines, we recommend that the Election Commission of India impose rules that no part of the Form 24A submitted by political parties providing details of donations above Rs 20,000 should be left blank.
- Full details of all donors should be made available for public scrutiny under the RTI. Some countries where this is done include Bhutan, Nepal, Germany, France, Italy, Brazil, Bulgaria, the US and Japan. In none of these countries is it possible for 75% of the source of funds to be unknown.
- According to the Finance Act, 2017, Section 13A of the IT Act was amended to state that tax exemption will
 be given to registered political parties "Provided also that such political party furnishes a return of income
 for the previous year in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (4B) of section 139 on or before the
 due date under that section." Thus, any party which does not submit its IT returns on or before the due
 date, their income should not be tax-exempted and defaulting parties should be derecognized.
- Electoral Bonds infringe the citizen's fundamental 'Right to Know' by withholding crucial information regarding electoral funding. Such opaqueness is at the cost of larger public interest and is a severe blow to the very fundamentals of transparency and accountability. Serious concerns have been raised by civil society as well as constitutional authorities such as EC and RBI that anonymous donations through Electoral Bonds will encourage money laundering and lead to increased use of black money for political funding through shell companies. Therefore, Electoral Bonds Scheme, 2018 should be entirely scrapped.
- In the case of continuance of the Scheme, the principle of anonymity of the bond donor enshrined in the Electoral Bond Scheme, 2018 must be done away with. All political parties which receive donations through Electoral Bonds should declare in their Contributions Reports the total amount of such donations received in the given financial year, along with the detailed particulars of the donors as against each Bond; the amount of each such bond and the full particulars of the credit received against each bond. The procedures and reporting framework for the above must be standardized to ensure that a true picture of the financial position of the political parties is revealed to the general public.
- The ECI/CBDT/CAG or any other relevant institution should be entrusted with the responsibility to oversee
 that there is no discrepancy between the value of Electoral Bonds redeemed and the value of donations
 received through Electoral Bonds by the political parties, and whether only entitled political parties are
 receiving funding via Electoral Bonds.
- All Political parties must provide all information on their finances under the Right to Information Act. This will only strengthen political parties, elections and democracy.
- Those parties not following the ICAI guidelines for auditing of reports should be scrutinized by the IT department.





Need for a strict mechanism for reporting financial information

To ensure that there is financial transparency and accountability on the part of the political parties, there must be a strict mechanism with respect to reporting of financial information. The procedures and reporting framework must be standardized to ensure that a true picture of the financial position of the political parties is revealed to the general public. Institute of Chartered Accounts of India (ICAI) has put forward a set of recommendations on the request of the Election Commission of India (ECI). These recommendations relate to a standardized and comprehensive reporting framework of financial statements of political parties. ADR feels that there is a dire need for these recommendations to be implemented at the earliest.

For details of Income and Expenditure declared by the National Political parties during FY 2018-19, please refer <u>here</u> and for details of Income and Expenditure declared of the Regional Political Parties, FY 2018-19 <u>here</u>.

Detailed Report

Status of submission of Annual Audit reports by the National and Regional Parties, FY 2019-20

- The due date for submission of the annual audited accounts for the parties was October 31, 2020.
- 2 National Parties and 17 Regional Parties had submitted their audit reports on time i.e. by 31st Oct, 2020 (refer Annexure 1).
- 168 days since the due date for submission, audit reports of the remaining 6 National Parties and 35 Regional Parties for FY 2019-20 are yet to be available on the website of the ECI, at the time of preparation of this report.
- Some of the political parties whose audited statements are yet to be available on the ECI website include major political parties like BJP, INC, NCP, CPM, CPI, NPEP, YSR-C, SDF, AAP, DMDK, RJD, SHS, ZNP, AIMIM, BPF, etc.

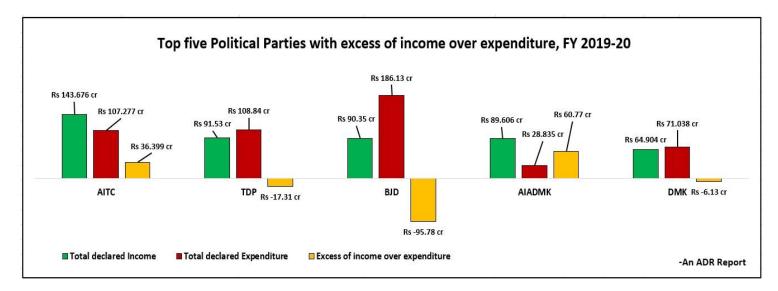
Total Income and Expenditure of National and Regional Parties, FY 2019-20

- During FY 2019-20, the total income declared by 2 National and 17 Regional Political Parties was Rs 619.28 cr while the total expenditure incurred by these parties amounts to Rs 669.55 cr, the parties spent 8% more than income declared.
- The top 5 parties with highest total declared income include AITC, TDP, BJD, AIADMK & DMK. AITC has the highest income of Rs 143.676 cr or 23.20% amongst all the 2 National and 17 Regional parties whose audit reports are available on the ECI website.
- In terms of the total declared expenditure, BJD spent the highest amount of Rs 186.13 cr followed by TDP and AITC, which spent Rs 108.84 cr and Rs 107.277 cr respectively.





• 10 out of 19 political parties, which have submitted their audit reports, have incurred expenditure more than their total income. Out of these, PMK, JKPDP and BJD have spent more than 100% of their total income during FY 2019-20.



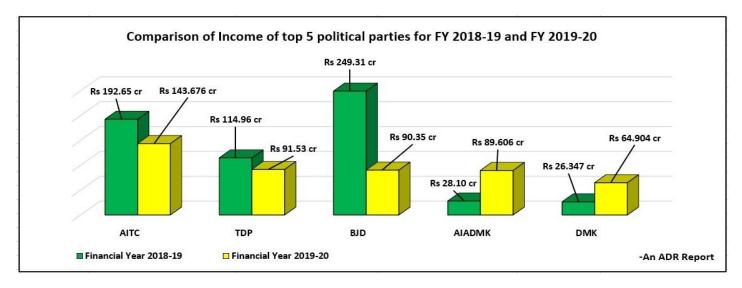
	Total income and expenditure declared by Political Parties, FY 2019-20 (Rs in cr)					
Party	Total declared Income (A)	Total declared Expenditure (B)	Excess of income over expenditure (A-B=C)	Share of income remaining unspent (C/A*100)		
AITC	143.676	107.277	36.399	25.33%		
TDP	91.53	108.84	-17.31	-18.91%		
BJD	90.35	186.13	-95.78	-106.01%		
AIADMK	89.606	28.835	60.77	67.82%		
DMK	64.904	71.038	-6.13	-9.45%		
BSP	58.256	95.054	-36.798	-63.17%		
JDU	23.354	10.679	12.675	54.27%		
JDS	19.79	26.84	-7.05	-35.62%		
SAD	16.47	13.116	3.354	20.36%		
JMM	8.33	3.45	4.88	58.58%		
AJSU	3.70	5.729	-2.029	-54.84%		
JVM-P	3.474	4.763	-1.289	-37.10%		
RLD	3.377	2.212	1.165	34.50%		
NDPP	1.125	1.123	0.002	0.18%		
AIUDF	0.568	0.52	0.048	8.45%		
PMK	0.556	3.537	-2.981	-536.15%		
AIFB	0.13	0.211	-0.081	-62.31%		
PDA	0.0518	0.0517	0.0001	0.19%		
JKPDP	0.036	0.147	-0.111	-308.33%		
Total	Rs 619.28 cr	Rs 669.55 cr	Rs -50.27 cr	-8.12%		





Comparison of Income of National and Regional Parties, FY 2018-19 and FY 2019-20

- The total income of the 19 parties whose audit reports are available for both FY 2018-19 and 2019-20 decreased from Rs 619.28 cr in FY 2019-20 to Rs 772.14 cr in FY 2018-19, a total decrease of 19.80% or Rs 152.86 cr.
- **9 parties** have shown an **increase in their income** from FY 2018-19 to FY 2019-20 while **10 parties** have shown a **decline in their income** during this period.
- Comparing the income of top 5 parties for FY 2019-20 with the previous financial year, **AIADMK** declared the highest increase in its income of **Rs 61.506** cr or **218.88%**, followed by **DMK** and **SAD** which declared a total increase of **Rs 38.557** cr or **146.34%** and **Rs 11.59** cr or **237.50%** respectively.
- BJD declared the maximum decrease in income between FY 2018-19 and 2019-20 by 158.96 cr followed by AITC (Rs 48.974 cr) and TDP (Rs 23.43 cr).



	Comparison of Income of Political Parties, FY 2018-19 and FY 2019-20					
Party	Financial Year 2018-19 (Rs in cr)	Financial Year 2019-20 (Rs in cr)	Increase/ decrease in total income			
AITC	192.65	143.676	Rs -48.974 cr (-25.42%)			
TDP	114.96	91.53	Rs -23.43 cr (-20.38%)			
BJD	249.31	90.35	Rs -158.96 cr (-63.76%)			
AIADMK	28.10	89.606	Rs 61.506 cr (218.88%)			
DMK	26.347	64.904	Rs 38.557 cr (146.34%)			
BSP	69.79	58.256	Rs -11.534 cr (-16.53%)			
JDU	23.57	23.354	Rs -0.216 cr (-0.92%)			
JDS	42.896	19.79	Rs -23.106 cr (-53.87%)			
SAD	4.88	16.47	Rs 11.59 cr (237.50%)			
JMM	0.75	8.33	Rs 7.58 cr (1010.67%)			
AJSU	1.364	3.70	Rs 2.336 cr (171.26%)			
JVM-P	1.135	3.474	Rs 2.339 cr (206.08%)			
RLD	1.28	3.377	Rs 2.097 cr (163.83%)			
NDPP	7.985	1.125	Rs -6.86 cr (-85.91%)			
AIUDF	0.63	0.568	Rs -0.062 cr (-9.84%)			
PMK	6.27	0.556	Rs -5.714 cr (-91.13%)			

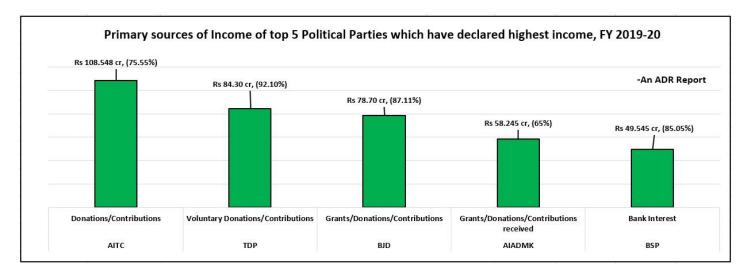




	Comparison of Income of Political Parties, FY 2018-19 and FY 2019-20					
Party	Financial Year 2018-19 (Rs in cr)	Financial Year 2019-20 (Rs in cr)	Increase/ decrease in total income			
AIFB	0.10	0.13	Rs 0.03 cr (30.00%)			
PDA	0.0498	0.0518	Rs 0.002 cr (4.02%)			
JKPDP	0.072	0.036	Rs -0.036 cr (-50.00%)			
Total	Rs 772.14 cr	Rs 619.28 cr	Rs -152.86 cr (-19.80%)			

Top sources of income of National and Regional Political Parties, FY 2019-20

- **Grant/Donations/contributions, Fees & Subscriptions** and **Bank Interest Income** are some of the most common sources of income that feature amongst the top three across political parties.
- Voluntary contributions/donations are the primary source of income of top five political parties with highest income declared for FY 2019-20.
- For National parties **Donations & Contributions** constituted **75.55**% of the total income for **AITC** and **Bank**Interest constituted **85.05**% of the total income for **BSP** are the **top sources of income**.
- Among Regional parties, TDP received 92.10% of its income from Voluntary Donations/Contributions while
 BJD received 87.11% of its income from Grants/Donations/Contributions.



Political		Political Parties' top 3 sources of Income: Financial Year 2019-20					
Party	Total Income	Top 3 Sources of Income	Amount (Rs in cr)	Share of Income			
		Donations/Contributions	108.548	75.55%			
AITC	Rs 143.676 cr	Fees & Subscriptions	32.43	22.57%			
	KS 143.076 CF	Collections from Issuance Coupons & Mukhopatra	0.166	0.12%			
		Other Income	2.532	1.76%			
		Voluntary Donations/Contributions	84.3	92.10%			
TDP	Rs 91.53 cr	Interest on deposits with Bank	7.16	7.82%			
IDP		Fees & Subscriptions	0.035	0.04%			
		Other Income	0.035	0.04%			
		Grants/Donations/Contributions	78.7	87.11%			
BJD	Rs 90.35 cr	FFD with UCO Bank Secretariat Branch	8.63	9.55%			
		From TDR with State Bank of India	1.446	1.60%			





Political		Political Parties' top 3 sources of Income: Financial Year 2019-20				
Party	Total Income	Top 3 Sources of Income	Amount (Rs in cr)	Share of Income		
		Other Income	1.574	1.74%		
		Grants/Donations/Contributions received	58.245	65%		
ALADBAK	D- 90 COC	Collection from issuance of forms & Application Fees	14.876	16.60%		
AIADMK	Rs 89.606 cr	Membership Fees & Subscription	0.304	0.34%		
		Other Income	16.181	18.06%		
		Grants/Donations/Contributions	48.31	74.43%		
DAW	D- 64 004	Interest on Bank Deposits	9.824	15.14%		
DMK	Rs 64.904 cr	Fees & Subscriptions	6.308	9.72%		
		Other Income	0.462	0.71%		
		Bank Interest	49.545	85.05%		
DCD	Rs 58.256 cr	Fees & Subscriptions	8.245	14.15%		
BSP	Rs 58.256 cr	Interest on Income Tax Refund (AY-2016-17 & AY 2017-18)	0.466	0.80%		
		Other Income	0	0%		
		Collection by Electoral Bonds	13.00	55.66%		
IDII	D- 22 254	Grants/Donations/Contributions	6.13	26.25%		
JDU	Rs 23.354 cr	Fees & Subscriptions	1.156	4.95%		
		Other Income	3.068	13.14%		
		Grants/Donations/Contributions	19.56	98.84%		
	Rs 19.79 cr	Interest From Bank	0.135	0.68%		
JDS		Sale of Membership Book and Membership Fees	0.08	0.40%		
		Other Income	0.015	0.08%		
		Grants/Donations/Contributions	11.079	67.268%		
•••		Fees & Subscriptions	5.158	31.318%		
SAD	Rs 16.47 cr	Collection by Issuing Coupons/Sale of Publications	0.23	1.396%		
		Other Income	0.003	0.018%		
		By Donation	6.887	82.68%		
		By Candidates Fee	1.07	12.85%		
JMM	Rs 8.33 cr	By Levi (Central Comn)	0.36	4.32%		
		Other Income	0.013	0.16%		
		By Donations	2.363	63.86%		
AJSU	Rs 3.70 cr	By Member Contribution & Subscription	1.337	36.14%		
		Collection by Issuing Coupons/Sale of Publications	3.242	93.32%		
		Grants/Donations/Contributions	0.2308	6.645%		
JVM-P	Rs 3.474 cr	Interest Received	0.0012	0.035%		
		Other Income	0	0%		
		Capital Gain & Loss (Net)	2.958	87.593%		
_		Interest on FDR	0.223	6.603%		
RLD	Rs 3.377 cr	Voluntary Contribution Received	0.15	4.442%		
		Other Income	0.046	1.362%		
NDPP	Rs 1.125 cr	Voluntary Contribution	1.125	100%		
AIUDF	Rs 0.568 cr	Contribution towards Party Fund	0.568	100%		
РМК	Rs 0.556 cr	Grants/Donations/Contributions	0.556	100%		
		Interest	0.0821	63.154%		
AIFB	Rs 0.13 cr	Fees, Subscription & Leavy	0.047	36.154%		

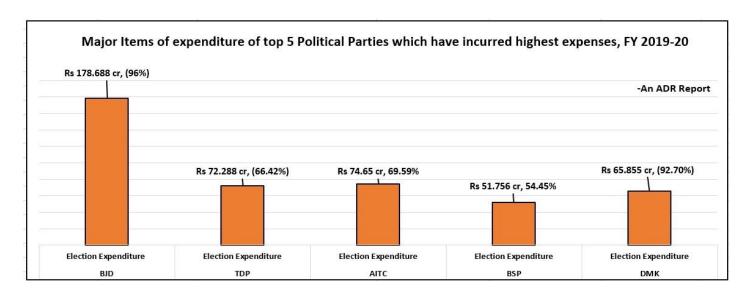




Political		Political Parties' top 3 sources of Income: Financial Year 2019-20			
Party	Total Income	Top 3 Sources of Income	Amount (Rs in cr)	Share of Income	
		Grant/Donation/Contribution	0.0009	0.692%	
	PDA Rs 0.0518 cr	Active Members Fee	0.0179	34.556%	
PDA		Members Enrolment Fee	0.012	23.166%	
PDA	KS 0.0518 Cf	Donation from Members	0.012	23.166%	
		Other Income	0.0099	19.112%	
JKPDP	Rs 0.036 cr	Donations	0.032	88.89%	
JAPOP K	NS 0.036 CF	Intt. On Bank Balance	0.004	11.11%	
		Total Income declared	Rs 619.28 cr		

Top items of expenditure of National and Regional Political Parties, FY 2019-20

- The most common types of expenditure, on which parties have incurred highest amount, are **election expenses**, **administrative** and **general expenses**.
- 13 out of 19 political parties incurred more than 50% of their total expenditure on Election expenditure or election/general propaganda.
- Amongst the top 5 parties, which have reported spending the highest overall amount, BJD spent the maximum, Rs 178.688 cr followed by TDP which spent Rs 72.288 cr and AITC spent the highest, Rs 74.65 cr, on election expenditure.
- Amongst other Political Parties, BSP spent 54.45% and DMK spent 92.70% of their total income on election
 expenditure while AJSU incurred around 66.22% of its income on Advertisement & Promotion Expenses.



Political	Total	Political Parties Top 3 Items of Expenditure: Financial Year- 2019-20			
Party	Expenditure	Top 3 Items of Expenditure	Amount (Rs in cr)	% of Expenditure	
		Election Expenditure	178.688	96%	
BJD	Do 196 12 ou	Administrative and General Expenses	5.379	2.89%	
טנפ	Rs 186.13 cr	Depreciation & Amortisation Expenses	0.239	0.13%	
		Other Expenditure	1.824	0.98%	
TDP	Rs 108.84 cr	Election Expenditure	72.288	66.42%	





Political	Total	Political Parties Top 3 Items of Expenditure: Financial Year- 2019-20			
Party	Expenditure	Top 3 Items of Expenditure	Amount (Rs in cr)	% of Expenditure	
		Administrative and General Expenses	24.357	22.38%	
		Depreciation	4.049	3.72%	
		Other Expenditure	8.146	7.48%	
	Rs 107.277 cr	Election Expenditure	74.65	69.59%	
AITC		Depreciation, Amortisation & Other Expenses	31.68	29.53%	
		Administrative and General Expenses	0.57	0.53%	
		Other Expenditure	0.377	0.35%	
	Rs 95.054 cr	Election Expenditure	51.756	54.45%	
BSP		Administrative & General Expenses	16.084	16.92%	
БЭР	KS 95.054 CI	Employee Cost	0.054	0.06%	
		Other Expenditure	27.16	28.57%	
		Election Expenditure	65.855	92.70%	
DMK	Do 71 039 or	Administrative and General Expenses	3.078	4.33%	
DIVIK	Rs 71.038 cr	Depreciation	0.984	1.39%	
		Other Expenditure	1.121	1.58%	
		Election Expenditure	19.295	66.92%	
ALADNAK	De 30 03F es	Administrative and General Expenses	5.717	19.83%	
AIADMK	Rs 28.835 cr	Employee Costs	1.045	3.62%	
		Other Expenditure	2.778	9.63%	
		Election Expenditure	24.81	92.44%	
JDS	Rs 26.84 cr	Administrative Expenses	1.11	4.14%	
פחנ		Depreciation	0.716	2.67%	
		Other Expenditure	0.204	0.76%	
		Election Expenditure	5.937	45.265%	
SAD	Rs 13.116 cr	Administrative and General Expenses	3.34	25.465%	
SAD	RS 13.116 Cr	Employee Cost	0.61	4.65%	
		Other Expenditure	3.229	24.62%	
		Election Expenditure	9.3	87.09%	
JDU	Rs 10.679 cr	Administrative & General Expenses	0.97	9.08%	
טטנ		Employee Cost	0.24	2.247%	
		Other Expenditure	0.169	1.583%	
	Do 5 730 ou	Advertisement & Promotion Expenses	3.794	66.22%	
AJSU		Programme & Activity Expenses	1.47	25.66%	
AJSU	Rs 5.729 cr	Consultancy Expenses	0.17	2.97%	
		Other Expenditure	0.295	5.15%	
		Election Expenditure	3.384	71.05%	
1//N/I D	Rs 4.763 cr	Administrative and General Expenses	0.708	14.86%	
JVM-P		Employee Cost	0.241	5.06%	
		Other Expenditure	0.43	9.03%	
РМК	Rs 3.537 cr	Election Expenditure	2.036	57.56%	
		Administrative and General Expenses	0.957	27.06%	
		Employee Cost	0.38	10.74%	
		Other Expenditure	0.164	4.64%	
JMM	Rs 3.45 cr	Aviation Exp	1.97	57.10%	





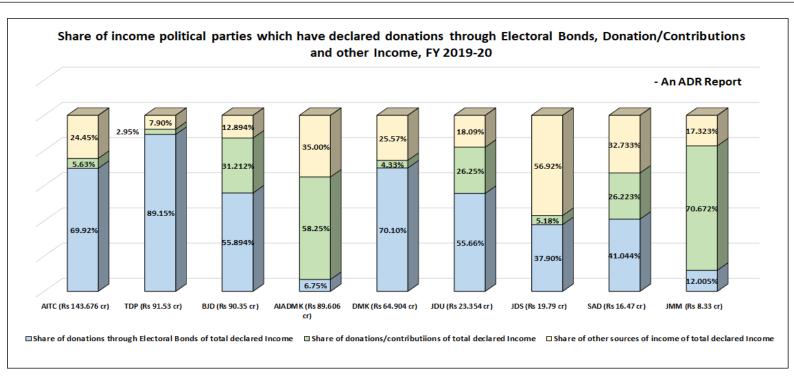
Political	Total Expenditure	Political Parties Top 3 Items of Expenditure: Financial Year- 2019-20			
Party		Top 3 Items of Expenditure	Amount (Rs in cr)	% of Expenditure	
		Election Expenses	0.919	26.64%	
		Printing & Stationery Exp	0.215	6.23%	
		Other Expenditure	0.346	10.03%	
	Rs 2.212 cr	Election Expenditure	1.188	53.71%	
RLD		Administrative & Others Expenses	0.547	24.73%	
KLD		Employee Cost	0.269	12.16%	
		Other Expenditure	0.208	9.40%	
	Rs 1.123 cr	Election/General Propaganda	0.80	71.24%	
NDPP		Administrative Cost	0.12	10.69%	
NDPP		Employee Costs	0.102	9.08%	
		Other Expenditure	0.101	8.99%	
	Rs 0.52 cr	Helicopter Hiring Charges	0.35	67.31%	
AIUDF		Salaries to Staff	0.045	8.65%	
Alubr		Printing & Stationery and Photostats Exp.	0.0269	5.17%	
		Other Expenditure	0.0981	18.87%	
ALED	Rs 0.211 cr	Employee Cost	0.122	57.82%	
AIFB		Other Expenditure	0.089	42.18%	
	Rs 0.147 cr	Establishment	0.075	51.02%	
IVDDD		Documentations Charges	0.03	20.41%	
JKPDP		Depreciation	0.02	13.60%	
		Other Expenditure	0.022	14.97%	
	Rs 0.0517 cr	District Office Maintenance	0.0261	50.48%	
DD 4		Office Maintenance Expenditures	0.0102	19.73%	
PDA		Rent charge of party head office Regailong	0.0082	15.86%	
		Other Expenditure	0.0072	13.93%	
Total Expenditure declared			Rs 669).55 cr	

Share of income of National and Regional Parties from Electoral Bonds and other sources, FY 2019-20

- 2 National Parties and 17 Regional Parties collected Rs 428.76 cr or 69.235% of their total income from voluntary contributions (includes Donations & Contributions and Electoral Bonds) for FY 2019-20.
- During FY 2019-20 out of the 19 political parties whose annual audit reports are available on the ECI website,
 9 political parties have declared receiving donations through Electoral Bonds amounting to a total of Rs 312.37 cr.
- AITC received the highest donations through Electoral Bonds worth Rs 100.46 cr or 69.92% followed by TDP declaring Electoral Bonds worth Rs 81.60 cr or 89.15% and BJD (Rs 50.50 cr or 55.89%).
- **11.56**% or **Rs 71.575 cr** of the total income was generated through **Membership and Subscription Fees** by the political parties for FY 2019-20.







Disclaimer

Source for the data used in the report are the Audited accounts submitted by the political parties to the Income Tax Department and the Election Commission of India. These can be accessed from myneta.info/party and https://eci.gov.in/candidate-political-parties/annual-audit-reports/annual-audit-reports/

While all effort has been made to ensure that the information is in keeping with what is mentioned in the statements submitted by the political parties, in case of discrepancy between information in this report and that given in their statements, the information reported by the political parties should be treated as correct. Association for Democratic Reforms, National Election Watch and their volunteers are not responsible or liable for any damage arising directly or indirectly from the publication of this report.

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Annexure – I

Political Parties' Audit report status as per ECI website: FY 2018-19 and FY 2019-20 (as on 18 April, 2021)					
S. No.	Type of Party	Political Party	Party	FY-2018-19	FY-2019-20
1	National Party	All India Trinamool Congress	AITC	Submitted	Submitted
2	National Party	Bahujan Samaj Party	BSP	Submitted	Submitted
3	Regional Party	All India Anna Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam	AIADMK	Submitted	Submitted
4	Regional Party	Shiromani Akali Dal	SAD	Submitted	Submitted
5	Regional Party	Jharkhand Mukti Morcha	JMM	Submitted	Submitted
6	Regional Party	Rashtriya Lok Dal	RLD	Submitted	Submitted
7	Regional Party	AJSU Party	AJSU	Submitted	Submitted
8	Regional Party	Janata Dal (United)	JDU	Submitted	Submitted
9	Regional Party	Biju Janata Dal	BJD	Submitted	Submitted
10	Regional Party	Janata Dal Secular	JDS	Submitted	Submitted
11	Regional Party	Pattali Makkal Katchi	PMK	Submitted	Submitted
12	Regional Party	Nationalist Democratic Progressive Party	NDPP	Submitted	Submitted
13	Regional Party	People's Democratic Alliance	PDA	Submitted	Submitted
14	Regional Party	All India Forward Bloc	AIFB	Submitted	Submitted
15	Regional Party	All India United Democratic Front	AIUDF	Submitted	Submitted
16	Regional Party	Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam	DMK	Submitted	Submitted
17	Regional Party	Jammu and Kashmir Peoples Democratic Party	JKPDP	Submitted	Submitted
18	Regional Party	Telugu Desam Party	TDP	Submitted	Submitted
19	Regional Party	Jharkhand Vikas Morcha (Prajatantrik)	JVM-P	Submitted	Submitted
20	Regional Party	Indian National Lok Dal	INLD	Submitted	Not submitted
21	Regional Party	Maharashtra Navnirman Sena	MNS	Submitted	Not submitted
22	Regional Party	Sikkim Democratic Front	SDF	Submitted	Not submitted
23	Regional Party	Samajwadi Party	SP	Submitted	Not submitted
24	Regional Party	Yuvajana Sramika Rythu Congress Party	YSR-Congress	Submitted	Not submitted
25	Regional Party	Maharashtrawadi Gomantak Party	MGP	Submitted	Not submitted
26	Regional Party	Naga People Front	NPF	Submitted	Not submitted
27	Regional Party	Aam Aadmi Party	AAP	Submitted	Not submitted
28	Regional Party	Telangana Rashtra Samithi	TRS	Submitted	Not submitted
29	Regional Party	Desiya Murpokku Dravida Kazhagam	DMDK	Submitted	Not submitted
30	National Party	Bharatiya Janata Party	ВЈР	Submitted	Not submitted
31	National Party	Indian National Congress	INC	Submitted	Not submitted
32	National Party	Communist Party of India (Marxist)	СРМ	Submitted	Not submitted
33	National Party	Nationalist Congress Party	NCP	Submitted	Not submitted
34	National Party	Communist Party of India	СРІ	Submitted	Not submitted
35	Regional Party	All India Majlis-e-Ittehadul Muslimeen	AIMIM	Submitted	Not submitted
36	Regional Party	All India N.R. Congress	AINRC	Submitted	Not submitted
37	Regional Party	Asom Gana Parishad	AGP	Submitted	Not submitted





F	Political Parties' Audit report status as per ECI website: FY 2018-19 and FY 2019-20 (as on 18 April, 2021)				
S. No.	Type of Party	Political Party	Party	FY-2018-19	FY-2019-20
38	Regional Party	Bodoland Peoples Front	BPF	Submitted	Not submitted
39	Regional Party	Jammu & Kashmir National Panthers Party	JKNPP	Submitted	Not submitted
40	Regional Party	Lok Jan Shakti Party	LJP	Submitted	Not submitted
41	Regional Party	Mizo National Front	MNF	Submitted	Not submitted
42	Regional Party	Mizoram People's Conference	MPC	Submitted	Not submitted
43	Regional Party	Rashtriya Janata Dal	RJD	Submitted	Not submitted
44	Regional Party	Rashtriya Lok Samta Party	RLSP	Submitted	Not submitted
45	Regional Party	Shiv Sena	SHS	Submitted	Not submitted
46	Regional Party	Sikkim Krantikari Morcha	SKM	Submitted	Not submitted
47	Regional Party	Zoram Nationalist Party	ZNP	Submitted	Not submitted
48	Regional Party	Goa Forward Party	GFP	Submitted	Not submitted
49	Regional Party	Indian Union Muslim League	IUML	Submitted	Not submitted
50	National Party	National People's Party	NPEP	Not submitted	Not submitted
51	Regional Party	Hill State People's Democratic Party	HSPDP	Not submitted	Not submitted
52	Regional Party	Kerala Congress (M)	KC-M	Not submitted	Not submitted
53	Regional Party	People's Party of Arunachal	PPA	Not submitted	Not submitted
54	Regional Party	People's Democratic Front	PDF	Not submitted	Not submitted
55	Regional Party	Rashtriya Loktantrik Party	RLP	Not submitted	Not submitted
56	Regional Party	Revolutionary Socialist Party	RSP	Not submitted	Not submitted
57	Regional Party	Indigenous People's Front of Tripura	IPFT	Not submitted	Not submitted
58	Regional Party	Jammu & Kashmir National Conference	JKNC	Not submitted	Not submitted
59	Regional Party	Janta Congress Chhattisgarh (J)	JCC (J)	Not submitted	Not submitted
60	Regional Party	United Democratic Party	UDP	Not submitted	Not submitted